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Reg. No.:			

Question Paper Code: 30146

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, APRIL/MAY 2023.

Second Semester

Electrical and Electronics Engineering

EE 3251 - ELECTRIC CIRCUIT ANALYSIS

(Common to Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering/ Instrumentation and Control Engineering)

(Regulations 2021)

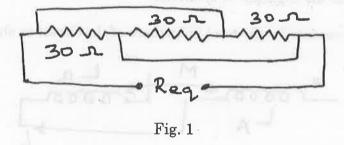
Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

1. Find "Req" for the circuit shown in Figure 1.



2. Identify the leading vector and the leading angle from the phasor diagram as shown in Figure 2.

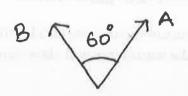


Fig. 2

3. Find the value of T in the circuit shown in Figure 3.

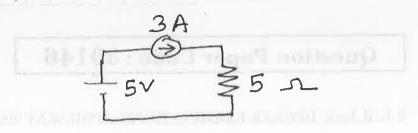


Fig. 3

4. Find the value of 'Rth' for the circuit shown in Figure 4. Assume maximum power is transferred to the load.

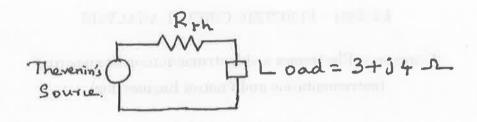


Fig.4

- 5. Find the time constant for RL and RC series circuit. Assume the circuit is excited with D.C source.
- 6. A capacitor 'C' is initially charged to a value 'V_c' when it is connected to a D.C. voltage source of value 'V_c'. Calculate V_c(t).
- 7. In a RLC series circuit, write the expression of the frequency at which the voltage across the capacitor is maximum.
- 8. Find the expression for the total inductance of the circuit as shown in Figure 5.

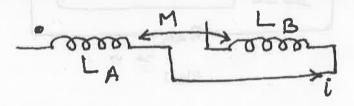


Fig. 5

- 9. What are the advantages of three phase system?
- 10. In a two wattmeter measurement system, identify the value of power factor angle for which one of the wattmeter will show zero reading?

11. (a) Find the value of 'V₀' in the circuit shown in Figure 6.

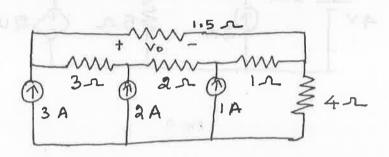


Fig. 6

Or

(b) Find the range of 'R_{in}' for the circuit shown in Figure 7. (13)

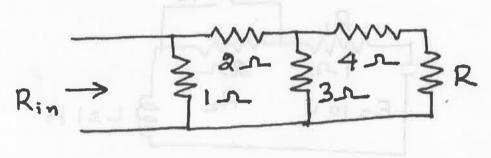


Fig. 7

12. (a) Find the Norton's equivalent across the terminals 'a' and 'b' for the circuit shown in Figure 8. (13)

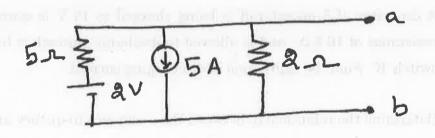
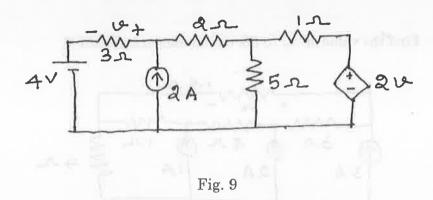


Fig. 8

Or

(13)

(b) Find 'v' using superposition theorem for the circuit shown in Figure 9.(13)



13. (a) In the circuit shown in Figure 10, the battery voltage is applied for a steady state period. Obtain the complete expression for the current after closing the switch 'K'. (13)

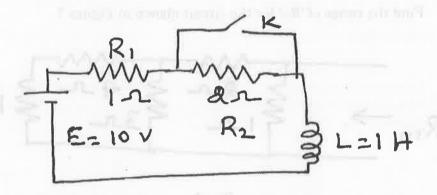


Fig. 10

Or

- (b) A capacitor of 5 microfarad is being charged to 10 V is connected to a resistance of 10 k Ω and is allowed to discharge through it by closing a switch 'K'. Find the expression of discharging current. (13)
- 14. (a) Determine the relationship between the resonance frequency and the half power frequencies of a series resonating circuit. (13)

Or

(b) Following data refers to two coupled coils 1 and 2 (Figure 11). $\Phi_{11} = 0.5$ mWb, $\Phi_{12} = 0.3$ mWb, $N_1 = 100$ turns, $N_2 = 500$ turns; $i_1 = 1 A$. Find coefficient of coupling, inductances L_1 , L_2 and M. (13)

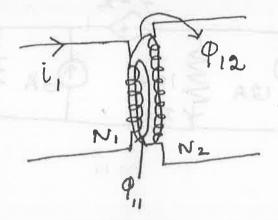


Fig. 11

15. (a) A balanced three phase star connected load is connected across a 11 kV, 50 Hz, three phase supply. If the load consumes 150 kW and takes a leading current of 100 A, find the circuit constants of the load on per phase basis. (13)

Or

(b) Three identical resistances are connected in a star fashion, against a balanced three phase voltage supply. If one of the resistances is removed, calculate the reduction in power. (13)

PART C —
$$(1 \times 15 = 15 \text{ marks})$$

16. (a) In the circuit shown in Figure 12, value of all the resistances is 1 Ω Calculate R_{AB} . (15)

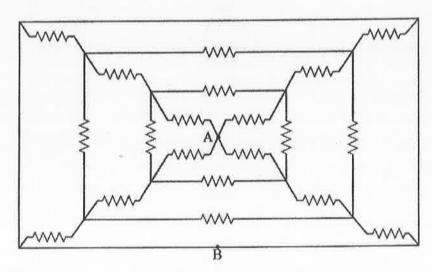


Fig. 12

Or

(b) Find the value of 'R_L' (Figure 13) so that the efficiency of the circuit becomes 50%. (15)

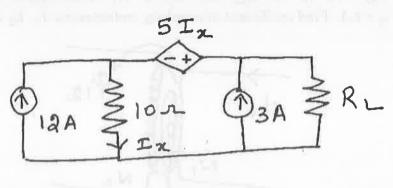


Fig. 13